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New Zealand Nurses Organisation

NURSE CREDENTIALING

I. INTRODUCTION

Ko te Tiriti o Waitangi te tuhinga motuhake o Aotearoa. Tautoko ana ngā Neehi Whakahaere o Aotearoa me Te Runanga Neehi Māori o Aotearoa hoki, i tēnei tuhinga Motuhake, ā, ka whakanui ka whakapiki hoki tātou kia rite te tūnga o te tangata whenua mē ngā Neehi Whakahaere o Aotearoa.

The Treaty of Waitangi is the founding document of Aotearoa/New Zealand. The New Zealand Nurses Organisation and Te Runanga o Aotearoa acknowledges the great importance of this living document, and will continue to respect and promote the equal standing of Tangata Whenua and NZNO.

This will be evidenced through credentialing processes in New Zealand. Models will be underpinned by the Treaty of Waitangi and cultural safety will be a core component in any system.

NZNO supports credentialing systems designed for nurses, by nurses.

II. DEFINTION

NZNO accepts the International Council of Nurses definition of credentialing

Credentialing is a term applied to processes used to designate that an individual, programme, institution or product have met established standards set by an agent (governmental or non-governmental) recognised as qualified to carry out this task. The standards may be minimal and mandatory or above the minimum and voluntary. Licensure, registration, accreditation, approval, certification, recognition or endorsement may be used to describe different credentialing processes but this terminology is not applied consistently across different settings and countries. Credentials are marks or "stamps" of quality and achievement communicating to employers, payers, and consumers what to expect from a "credentialed" nurse, specialist, course or programme of study, institution of higher education, hospital or health service, or healthcare product, technology or device. Credentials may be periodically renewed as a means of assuring continued quality and they may be withdrawn when standards of competence or behaviour are no longer met.

Styles and Affara 1997

III. CREDENTIALING FRAMEWORK

NZNO supports the use of the International Council of Nurses (ICN) Credentialing Framework for the arrangement of information on credentialing mechanisms. NZNO believes that this supports ease of



comparison between systems both nationally and internationally. The ICN Framework is to be adapted to encapsulate the specific context of New Zealand, that is the underpinning of the Treaty of Waitangi and cultural safety as core requirements. The ICN Framework is appended (Appendix A).

IV. CREDENTIALING RESEARCH

NZNO supports the need for sound research within New Zealand assessing the outcomes and value of credentialing systems. New Zealand research will encompass the fundamental values of the Treaty of Waitangi.

NZNO promotes the entry of research data onto the International Council of Nurses registry of credentialing research (ICN-RCR) which is a repository for all nursing credentialing research internationally.

V CREDENTIALING SYSTEMS AND NZNO

Competence-based practising certificates

NZNO supports the introduction of a competence-based practising certificate regime by the regulatory authority, the Nursing Council of New Zealand. NZNO provides introductory education to nurses and midwives regarding the introduction of competence based practising certificates and the development of professional portfolios.

 Employer professional development and recognition systems NZNO supports and leads the development of a national framework for employer programmes.

NZNO is actively involved in the development and review of employer policies and systems.

NZNO supports the Nursing Council of New Zealand's approval process for accreditation of employer and professional credentialing programmes for the purpose of competence-based practising certificates.

NZNO Accreditation

NZNO provides a voluntary, professional recognition programme through its specialty college and section credentialling mechanism: accreditation. These programmes are reviewed regularly and at least five yearly.

Nurse Practitioner credentialing

NZNO supports the continued development and review of the Nurse Practitioner endorsement process, and implementation of the model nationally, through representation on the Nurse Practitioner Advisory Committee of New Zealand (NPAC-NZ).

NZNO disseminates NPAC-NZ news through its website.



V1 CREDENTIALING AND REMUNERATION

NZNO supports systems which appropriately remunerate nursing expertise. NZNO organisers and the negotiating team contribute to this process through the collective employment agreement process.

NZNO has a Nurse Practitioner Position Statement outlining guidelines for position descriptions and employment agreement packages.

REFERENCES

National Nurses Organisations (2003) Draft for consultation: National Framework for raising professional development and recognition programmes. NZNO. Wellington.

NZNO (2003) Position Statement: Nurse Practitioners in New Zealand. NZNO. Wellington.

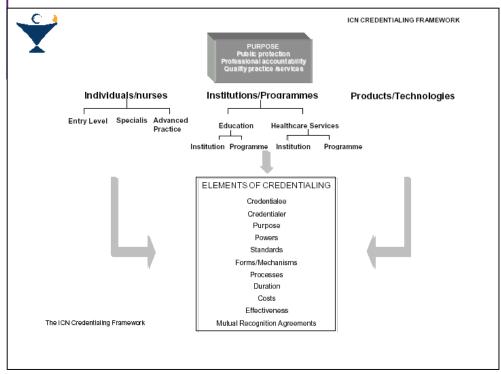
Nursing Council of New Zealand (2003) Framework for the approval of professional recognition programmes to meet the requirements of competence-based practising certificates for nurses. NCNZ. Wellington.

Styles, MM and Affara, FA (1997) ICN on Regulation: Towards 21st Century Models. ICN. Geneva



APPENDIX A:

INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL OF NURSES CREDENTIALLING FRAMEWORK (2003)



The questions are stated broadly, and a number of options are listed, and both can be further detailed and individualised according to a countries need.

Please note that more than one response may apply in each of the data elements

Individual Basic or entry into practice – registration/licensure Descriptors/ Data Elements	
Credentialer	Who credentials nurses for entry into practice?
	National Government
	Sub national government e.g. state/province/canton
	Please specify
	Non-government
	Other - please specify
Purpose	What are the key purposes for credentialing individuals for practice?



	To control the control to the Control of the Contro
	To protect the public by restricting practice to those qualified
	To restrict use of title
	To raise status of credentialed individual
	To meet minimum standards of safety/quality
	To raise standards of healthcare
	Other?
	Specify
	Is credentialing for entry to practice mandatory or voluntary?
	Mandatory
	Voluntary
	Does the credential for entry to practice give;
	Title protection
Powers	The right to display the signs of the initials of credential after name
	The right to wear a special badge and /or uniform
	Information about credentialee to employers or the public
	Other?
	Specify
	How many years of general schooling is required before starting an entry to nursing programme?years
	How many months does the entry to practice programme take?
	months
Standards	What is the academic level of the entry to practice programme'
	Certificate



	Diploma
	Baccalaurate
	Degree
	Higher degree/Post graduate
	What is the proportion of time in the entry to nursing programme between theory and practice?
	Specify e.g. 50%:50%
	How many weeks of theory does the programme provide?
	Amount of theoryweeks
	Which of the following content is required?
	Sciences
	Life Sciences
	Social Sciences
	Liberal studies
	Nursing sciences
	Professional growth and issues
	Communication and informational technology
	Interpersonal and social skills
	Management /leadership
	Research
	Other?
	Specify (New Zealand specific context identified here)
Standards	How many weeks of practice does the programme provide?
	Amount of practice weeks
	Which of the following fields of practice is required?
	Primary health care
	Community health
	<u> </u>



	Infants and children
	Adults
	Maternity
	Mental health
	Elderly
	Long term care
	Home care
	Management of services
	Research
	Internship
	lengthweeks
	Other?
	Specify (New Zealand specific context identified here)
	Which parties are involved in setting standards and competencies?
	Government
	Specify
	Regulatory authority
	Specify
	Nursing profession
	Specify
	Other?
	Specify
	What is the name given to the credential?
	Registration
	Certification
Form or mechanism	Licensure
	Other?
	Specify
Processes	What processes are used to validate attainment of



	required standards/competencies/other requirements?
	Acquiring educational diploma/certificate/ degree
	Test/exams
	Practice requirements
	Self assessment
	Peer review
	Interview
	Review of transcripts
	References
	Other
	Specify
	La tha anadantial
	Is the credential:
	Awarded for an indefinite period?
	Renewed periodically?
	How often?
	What are the renewal requirements?
Term or	Payment of a fee
Duration	Meeting practice requirements
	Evidence of continuing education or professional or development
	Other?
	Specify
	What are the amount and type of practice requirements, if any?
	Amountdays
	Type
	What evidence of continuing education or professional development is required, if any?



	Amount	
	Type	
	Can the credential be revoked?	Yes/No
	Can the credential be suspended?	Yes/No
	What other sanctions can be applied?	
T	Specify	
Term or duration		_
	Which Bodies have the authority to remove the credential or impose other sanctions:	or suspend
	Government	
	Specify	
	Cradentialing outbority	
	Credentialing authority	
	Specify	
	Employer	
	Specify	
	- Speen,	
	Other	
	Specify	
	Is payment required for initial credential?	
	Yes/No	
	What percentage of a newly qualified nurse salary is equivalent to initial credential	's <u>monthly</u>
	costs?%	
Cost	Is payment required for renewal of credentia	al?
	Yes/No	
	What percentage of a newly qualified nurse salary is equivalent to the renewal fee?	's <u>monthly</u>
	%	
	What are the sources of income of the cred body?	entialing



	T
	Initial credentialing fees
	Renewal of credential fees
	Government funding
	Fees paid by employers for services (e.g. credential checking)
	Fees for accrediting programmes/ services
	Sales of materials
	Other
	Specify
	Le the anadomicalism by the second to 10
	Is the credentialing body accredited? Yes/No
	Teshno
	Who accredits the credentialing body?
	Specify
	Is research undertaken on behalf of the credentialing body into:
	Relevance and reliability credentialing processes
	Impact of credentialing in on client outcomes
	Other
Effectiveness	Specify
	Is information collected on behalf of the credentialing body about;
	Subsequent careers followed by credentialees
	Additional qualifications acquired
	Disciplinary/professional conduct actions brought
	against credentialees
	Outcomes of disciplinary/professional conduct action
	Other
	Specify
Mutual	Does your credentialing body recognise the



Recognition Agreements	qualifications of nurses from other jurisdictions? Yes/No
	If yes, what jurisdiction and under what agreement?
	Specify
	Do other jurisdictions recognise your qualifications?
	Yes/No
	If yes, what jurisdiction and under what agreements?
	Specify
	Does your jurisdiction share professional conduct/disciplinary action information about its credentialees with other jurisdictions?
	Yes/No
	If yes, Specify

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MISSION STATEMENT

NZNO is committed to the representation of members, the promotion of nursing and midwifery. NZNO embraces Te Tiriti o Waitangi and works to improve the health status of all peoples of Aotearoa/ New Zealand through participation in health and social policy development.